

## CHURCH CHIMES.

—Rev. J. H. Hopper spent a day or two with his sister, Mrs. H. S. Withers, and took part in the Presbyterian meeting in a round of a few weeks in Southern Kentucky he brought 40 souls into the fold.

—Mrs. H. T. Harris, Mrs. R. C. Warren and other good women have been holding services regularly in the jail since so many are there under sentence. Mrs. Warren tells us that Anthony Alcorn, the paricide, who is to be hung next month, says the Lord has forgiven his sins and that he does not fear death.

—Dr. E. O. Guernant has endeared himself to every one, who has heard him preach or met him during his short stay, which unfortunately ended with the service last night, as he was compelled to go elsewhere. His sermons have been marvels of eloquence and earnestness and have had telling effect both on the membership and the outsiders; six of the latter being drawn to the cross by them, and the Christians being greatly encouraged and built up.

—Rev. H. C. Morrison, wife and Bain Morrison arrived Wednesday and are at present with Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Allen. Their first meeting drew a crowded house and every one present seemed to be thankful that he was there. Mr. Morrison preached with his usual fervor and power and his wife prayed with great unction and earnestness. During the continuance of the Presbyterian meeting, services will be held at 3 and 8 p. m. at the Methodist church.

## WILLIAMSBURG, WHITLEY CO.

—Rev. A. S. Petty preached at the Baptist church last Sunday night.

—Union services will be held in the Christian church next Sunday evening.

—The Teachers' Institute for this county will be held the week beginning July 20th.

—Messrs. Nelson & Meadows are having an additional store built to their present store house.

—Mrs. Sophia Martin, of Pineville, was here the first of the week visiting her mother, Mrs. McCarty.

—The farmers are beginning to cut their oats crop. The late oats are good, but the early crop is almost a failure.

—Our town will be very dry on the 4th, as no preparations are being made for the day; but, as all of our neighbors are preparing for something, there will be plenty of places for us to go.

—An almost serious difficulty occurred in the country about five miles last Sunday, with the Pennington family on one side and the Smiddy family on the other. The trouble grew out of Smiddy dogging Pennington's cattle when they broke over a brush fence into Smiddy's field. All the parties are before Judge Rose and there will be an investigation Friday.

—Mrs. S. M. Black, of Madison county, returned home Wednesday morning after a two weeks' visit to her brother, Walker Mason. Miss Lucy Campbell, of St. Albans, W. Va., returned home last Wednesday, after spending several weeks here with her sister, Mrs. G. C. Moore. Mrs. Moore and Miss Theo. Hill accompanied her for a two months visit. Sheriff W. B. Barnett is able to be out and attend to business again after two weeks illness of typhoid fever. Miss Lena Richardson, of Louisville, is here to see her grand mother, Mrs. Jane Bird, who is very ill. Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Silling entertained their young friends very handsomely last Monday evening. A large crowd was present, and a most enjoyable evening was spent. Miss Adella Hyatt spent Sunday here with friends. Miss Carrie Downs spent Sunday in Pleasant View. Mrs. Mattie Gibson expects to leave in a short time for an extended trip east. While gone she expects to visit New York and other points of interest. Hon. John H. Wilson, of Harrodsburg, was here Wednesday on a business trip. Editor D. T. Chestnut, of Corbin, was down Wednesday.

## MATRIMONIAL MATTERS.

—Frank Harting, of Clay county, fell dead when he heard that his divorced wife had married.

—Robert Adams and Miss Lena Reutel were married Tuesday in Lexington. The Herald says they will live in Lancaster.

—Charles Goepp and Miss Katherine Mayer, both from the Fatherland, but now living at Ottenheim, obtained license Wednesday and will be married Tuesday. They walked into town to get their license.

—Mrs. Martha Gullman competed with 15 men in a spike-driving contest at Beaver Run, Pa. She beat all the men and took the prize. She has an arm on her like a pugilist. She was so elated over her victory that she eloped with John Smiles, leaving a husband and four children behind.

—A Montreal man has invented a gun, the most remarkable feature of which is that no explosive is used and that its missiles are projected by an agency, the nature of which is a profound secret, without noise or smoke, and capable of discharging the almost incredible number of 200,000 shots a minute.

## LANCASTER, GARRARD COUNTY.

—Mrs. Lewis Harris has been employed by the trustees of Stone, to teach their public school.

—Mr. Malcolm Tillet will soon enter another famous colt, Garrard Squirrel, at the coming Kentucky fair.

—Mrs. James B. Kinnaird entertained at a sumptuous dining last week in honor of a number of her married lady friends.

—There will be a Sunday school picnic for the children of the Methodist church the 4th of July, on the grounds of Mrs. B. F. Walter.

—Mrs. Dr. H. C. Herring entertained at a dining Tuesday in honor of her son-in-law, Mrs. Mary Noel, and daughter, Miss Anna, of Danville. A number partook of Mrs. Herring's hospitality.

—Quite a number of Lancaster's social people stormed Mr. J. Y. Robinson and brother on Monday evening at his country home, three miles from town. The merry party went to his home on horse-back.

—There was a parlor meeting of the W. C. T. U. ladies, Tuesday afternoon, with Mrs. R. E. McRoberts. Twenty ladies were in attendance and report themselves pleased with Mrs. McRoberts' reception.

—John Foster bought a 6-year-old gelding of Asa Wilson for \$50. James F. Murray sold to J. G. Galloway, of Paint Lick, 100-180 pound hogs at 3c. James A. McCarty bought of Frank Holtzclaw a lot of hogs at 24c.

—Miss Harriet E. Glascock, who made so many pleasant friends here, while a guest at the Mason hotel, is now in LaGrange, making preparations to give one of her entertaining recitals. May success crown her efforts.

—Henderson Jones, who recently shot and killed Wm. Canley, Jr., near Poor Ridge and fled the country, has not yet been captured. A reward of \$150 has been offered for him, and it is more than likely he will soon be in custody.

—Miss Minnie West has a position in her father's dry goods store as sales-lady, and her pleasant smile and gracious manner is ready to greet customers. Mr. Dexter Ballou, of Stanford, has accepted a position as clerk in his brother's, Mr. Humphrey Ballou's grocery.

—It is reported that a German woman and her children, living near Buena Vista, are dying of starvation. They were recently found in very destitute circumstances, in an old log cabin, penitence and in a most wretched condition. The woman had been deserted by her husband.

—The Bible reading circle will meet with Mrs. Eliza Gribbman. The Baptist society will meet tonight with Mrs. Jake Joseph. The Methodist sewing circle meets tomorrow afternoon with Mrs. Hunley Singleton. The Ladies Aid Society will convene tomorrow afternoon at the home of Mrs. R. H. Bateon.

—The concert Tuesday evening in Central Park drew a large crowd as usual. By the hour appointed many interested in the fine progress of the band had begun to assemble, some on bicycles, others in carriages, but the majority on foot. If the weather permits two such concerts will be given a week, on Tuesday and Friday evenings.

—Mrs. Susan Price was taken quite ill on Wednesday, but is thought to be some better. W. R. Cook has been sick for several days. Will D. Robinson, of Hubble, a very popular young man in this vicinity and for several years a student of Garrard College, is regarded very ill of consumption. Mr. Humphrey Ballou has been quite sick, but is out again. The friends of Mrs. Elizabeth Smith rejoice to hear that she is better. Miss Mabel Royston is thought to be ill of malarial fever. J. C. Robinson has been called to Hustonville to the bedside of his brother, Mr. Fleece Robinson, Sr., who continues very ill. W. H. Kinnaird is at his place of business, after a sick spell. Mrs. Wm. Anderson is also sick.

—W. R. Marre, of Knoxville, has been visiting his mother, Mrs. Margaret Marre. Mr. W. S. Ferguson made a short visit to Lancaster this week. Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Miller leave tomorrow for a visit to Chicago. Miss Jimmie McCormack has returned from school at Due West, S. O. Miss Louise Embury, of Louisville, is visiting her grand mother, Mrs. Osie Huffman. Miss Lilly Dale, of Shelbyville, is visiting friends in this county. Mrs. M. E. Sweeney and daughter, Miss Olivia, leave Monday for a visit to her mother, Mrs. Smith, of Adair county. Herbert Harden visited his father, Mr. Geo. R. Harden, of Cincinnati; Judge Raines and wife, of Lebanon, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Jarvis. Miss Young, of Due West, S. C., is the guest of her school-mate, Miss Jennie Wallace. Miss Nannie Sweeney is visiting her grand mother in Boyle. Mr. and Mrs. John K. West are visiting friends in Kirksville. E. P. Brown leaves Saturday for a business trip to Cincinnati. Miss Lula Graham, who has been the assistant trimmer for Mrs. George Harden, returned to her home in Frankfort Tuesday. Miss Adella Mand Robeson, of Louisville, is visiting her sister, Miss Fay Robeson. Misses Lettie and Lizzie Brown have returned to their

home in Lexington after a pleasant stay with their grand mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Beazley. Miss Margaret Bright, of Stanford, is a guest of the Misses Thompson.

## SOMEWHAT LOCAL.

—The Richmond Climax says the little infant left by Mrs. Nottie Phelps Russell died last week at Hot Springs, Va.

—Col. R. H. Young, a prominent man of Woodford county, is dead. He dropped dead of heart disease at the home of his son-in-law, Luther B. Givens, at Harrodsburg.

—Mrs. Nancy Young, widow of Solomon Young, died Tuesday after a long illness of consumption at her home near Highland. Her remains were laid to rest in the grave yard at Mt. Moriah church Wednesday.

—Henry Spencer, the dentist, who attempted to commit suicide at Middleboro a short time ago, has made another attempt to kill himself by taking a large amount of mercury. He is yet alive, but in a very serious condition. The last attempt was at Harrodsburg.

—Henry Tornhill was arrested by Jailor Griffin, at Onaway and lodged in jail at Mt. Vernon. Tornhill was convicted of murder at Aurora, Neb., and managed afterward to make his escape. A reward of \$500 was offered for his arrest. He has a long scar on his face caused by a cut and has two bullet holes through his body. The sheriff of Aurora has been notified of his arrest.

## A BEAUTIFUL ADDRESS.

Dr. E. M. Green, chaplain of the Danville camp, delivered this beautiful and touching address over the body of Comrade R. D. Logan, which we copy from the Advocate:

Comrades, it is the first time since the formation of our camp that we have gathered around an open grave—alas, that it should be the grave of one we loved so well. But there is a foe to whom all must surrender at last. The Confederate soldier will soon belong to the past. Our numbers are lessening rapidly. Of the generals commanding our armies, not one is left. Of our lieutenant generals, only four survive. Of the 600,000 enlisted soldiers, it is estimated that not 50,000 are alive today, and the next few years will decimate the ranks that have already become so thin. We are no longer young, my comrades, nor strong as when we stood by each other amid scenes of strife and blood. Some of you hear the horrible scars of battle, and all of us the scars which time has made. The hardest battles which some of us have fought have been fought since the war, with hardship, poverty and misfortune. But among the noblest specimens of independent manhood to be found on the earth today are the unpensioned soldiers of the Lost Cause. Would I speak today of courage and honor, of fidelity to duty, of unswerving adherence to principle, of tenderness and gentleness such as belong only to the brave and true? I need only to call the name of Robert D. Logan. He was a good citizen, a true friend, a soldier who never shrank from duty, never quailed in the hour of conflict, never turned his back to the foe, and never fought after the war was over. When a violent disease laid its hand upon him, he knew that the order had come from the Great Commander, and said: "I am ready." At 8 o'clock last evening "the tent was struck" and he went forward. Comrades, may we all live that we shall be ready for the command when it shall come. Let us be true to duty, to country, to self and to God, and when life's battles are ended we shall "cross over the river and rest under the shade of the trees."

## KINGSVILLE.

—Measles are prevalent here, many cases having been reported.

—Great crowds are anticipated at our camp meeting, which will begin early in August.

—Our people are exhibiting very little enthusiasm over the near approach of the 4th of July.

—Mr. J. K. Carson, who has been confined to his bed for some time with fever, improves but slowly.

—We have secured Mr. Hardin S. Young, of Highland, to teach our school, which will open in August.

—The market is overrun with blackberries, it being impossible to dispose of them at five cents per gallon.

—Mr. E. W. Creighton, who has been in the employ of T. V. Ferrill, of Somerset, is at home for an indefinite stay. Miss Anderson, of Lexington, was entertained by Mrs. James Roy a few days last week. Mr. Wallace Walter, of Stanford, is here to relieve his brother in the store for a few days. Mr. R. S. Lytle, the genial traveling man of Stanford, accompanied by his charming wife, were here this week. Mrs. Nannie McCarty, of Jellico, and two lovely daughters, are the guests of Mrs. J. M. McCarty. Mrs. Susie Haines, who has been with her sister, Mrs. Fonda, for several weeks, expects to return to her home at Tacoma, Wash., in a few days. The Misses Pennybacker have just returned from a delightful visit to friends in Somerset. Mrs. Henry Meade, of Georgetown, is visiting her brother, Mr. G. O. Baker.

## HUSTONVILLE.

—The junior endeavors were given a picnic Saturday under the direction of Misses Bennett and Rose Yowell. The little fellows enjoyed themselves hugely. A good work has been done among the children of the churches by this society and it is to be hoped that it will begin the next year with a largely increased membership.

—Rev. W. L. Williams will preach at Eubanks next Saturday night and Sunday morning and night. Rev. B. J. Pinkerton returned Tuesday from Woodford county, where he had preached Sunday. A number of our people are being drawn to Stanford this week by the meetings conducted by Dr. Guernant and Rev. H. C. Morrison.

—A horse belonging to John I. Butler, while loose on the street Saturday night, became entangled in a wire dangling from a fence. The wire by some means was wrapped about the animal's hind leg and in its struggle to become free the limb was terribly cut and lacerated. It is now believed that the horse may possibly recover, though at first his chance seemed a slim one.

—George Weatherford has been on the sick list for a week past, having had the rheumatism in his feet. Mrs. J. G. Weatherford and her interesting children arrived this week on a visit to her mother, Mrs. Mary Logan. Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Smith, of Jellico, were here last week on a visit to her mother, Mrs. R. B. McKinney. Mrs. Mary Young, of Lancaster, and Mrs. A. C. Dunn, of near Stanford, have been the guests of Miss Mollie Harmon. Miss Myrtle Phillips, of Harrodsburg, is the handsome guest of Miss Mattie Dinwiddie. Squire Peyton left Wednesday for an outing at Dripping Springs, where he expects to remain for several weeks. Miss Sallie Bradshaw, of Mt. Salem, was visiting Miss Mollie Austin this week. Miss Margaret Bennett left Tuesday for Cincinnati where she expects to spend the summer in connection with conservatory of music. Miss Bennett will resume her duties in Christian College this fall. Mr. and Mrs. Beecher Adams, of Elkton, are visiting relatives and friends here and are at the home of his father. Miss Nannie Brown paid a visit to Mrs. Wigham, of Moreland, last week. This is the first time Miss Nannie has been out of town in five years on account of her affliction from the rheumatism. Mrs. S. Walton Forgy and sister, Miss Ida Twidwell, left Wednesday on a visit to their mother, Mrs. Johnson, in Danville. Mrs. Susan Wright, who was sick so long this spring, is now able to be about again. James Tacker, of Perryville, and his daughter, Miss Luella, are visiting their relative, Uncle Bob Tucker, and also friends in the community.

## ROBERT REDIVIVUS.

Suggests Himself for the Congressional Nomination.

Months ago I had determined to run for Congress in the 8th district on a free silver platform, but the candidacy of my own esteemed and distinguished countryman, the Hon. John Sam Owsley, Jr., restrained me, until now it is perhaps too late. Had I announced myself some time ago I could have lashed the Ocean of Politics into furious billows upon whose silvery waves I could have ridden into Congress. Now I can only say if the free silver men will give me the nomination I may not win, but free silver and I will come out of the campaign two of the most distinguished characters in Kentucky, if we are not already so. You may ask: What advantage would I have over the Hon. John B. Thompson? Perhaps this advantage only, I could carry the free-silver prohibitionists of the district, which I am informed he can not do. But gentlemen, I can only make a suggestion, I am in no hurry. All things, even little things, like Congressional honors, come to him who waits. I shall wait, but no longer than next term and then I shall take the office, like some do the Kingdom of Heaven, by violence.

FONTAINE FOX BOHMITT.

## MCKINNEY.

—Mrs. Penn Frewitt and little daughter, Edna, of Somerset, who have been visiting relatives at Yosemite, passed through here Wednesday en route to Lexington, where they will visit a sister of the former. They were accompanied by Miss Claudia Tomlinson, of Yosemite. Mrs. A. B. McKinney is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Cook, at Jellico, Tenn. Mr. Reuben Givens, of Hustonville, has been visiting at Mrs. A. B. McKinney's. Mr. James Davis, of Somerset, is visiting Mr. Moses Tanner. Miss Marie Alcorn, of Turnersville was visiting Mrs. James McKinney Tuesday and Wednesday. Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Smith, of Jellico, Tenn. are visiting Mrs. R. B. McKinney, this place. Mrs. Betty A. Melven, who went to see her niece, Miss Bush Grinstead, returned home Tuesday. Mrs. M. F. Denny, of Steubenville, who has been visiting relatives at this place, returned home Tuesday. John Bibb who has been in Chicago, arrived Wednesday on a visit to his family, who reside at this place.

—Charles Smith dropped dead in church at Goldsboro, O.

## Violet Talcum and Violet Water.

Ladies are delighted with these refreshing toilet requisites. For a TOILET OR BABY POWDER nothing surpasses the VIOLET TALCUM.

Our VIOLET TOILET WATER produces a delightful bath. Try it.

Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours by an EXPERIENCED PHARMACIST.

W. B. McROBERTS,  
Opp. Court-House, Stanford, Ky.

## SUCCESS!

Owing to the good trade I have had since I begun the Reduction of my Prices, I will continue to Sell Goods Lower Than Anybody.

My Stock Must Be Reduced.

My loss is your gain, and if you want

GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER

You bought them before, now is your time.

JAMES FRYE, Hustonville.

## CRAIG &amp; HOCKER,

DEALERS IN.....

Drugs, Chemicals, Oils, Paints,

Painters' Supplies and Druggists' Sundries.

It Pays to Deal with a Cash House.

Give us a call and be convinced.

## CASH CLEARANCE SALE!

THE CHAS. WHEELER EMPORIUM invites you to be present on the Special Sale Days, on TUESDAY AND SATURDAY of each week, beginning JUNE 23, and continuing until further notice. Come early and avoid the rush.

## GOODS CHEAPER THAN FREE SILVER

A Clean and Well-Selected line of Millinery Reduced One Half.

A Large Stock of Clothing, including Men's, Youths' and Children's Wear, and in our prices we have no competition.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes of Swell Styles and on lasts from A to EE.

We lead with the SMITH & STOUTON and ROCKLAND lines for men and boys.

Look Out for Our Centre Table!

Which will be laden with the Rarest Bargains from day to day, and if your neighbors beat you to it, don't kick.

## CARPETS, MATTING AND OIL CLOTH.

Special Drives in Gents' Furnishings. Coffees, Sugar, Teas, Rice and Canned Goods. We are yours for first-class goods at low prices.

CHARLES WHEELER

June 18, '96.

The Chas. Wheeler Emporium, Hustonville, Ky.

## The Insurance.

The Insurance Gasoline Stove will bake quicker, is easier to light and will positively outwear a half dozen vapor stoves. The best of all

## THERE IS NO DANGER.

Any Child Ten Years Old Can Operate one of Them. Call and see

## The Safest, Simplest!

And Most Durable Stove Made.

HIGGINS & MCKINNEY.



MAJ. MCKINLEY at last knows that he was nominated at St. Louis. A committee told him so, after much pomp and a good deal of ceremony, when the Major made a labored speech of acceptance, extolling "protection and reciprocity the twin measures of true American policy." What he didn't say about the currency question, would fill a volume, though he did manage to remark: "The platform adopted by the republican National convention has received my careful consideration and has my unqualified approval. It is a matter of gratification to me, as I am sure it must be to you, and republicans everywhere, and to all our people, that the expressions of its declaration of principles are so direct, clear and emphatic. They are too plain and positive to leave any chance for doubt or question as to their purport and meaning." All the same, the Major might have said outright that he was for the gold standard now, since he was nominated, although he held decided free silver views a few years ago. The whole speech is disappointing. It did not rise to the importance of the occasion, sounded no key notes and is a dull and prosy effort of a dull and prosy man, who thinks he can divert the main issue of the campaign to his pet protection idea. One thing he said is worthy of note, after Foraker's bloody attack on the administration. It was that the people had no complaint against Mr. Cleveland for borrowing money and issuing bonds to preserve the credit of the country, but against the ruinous policy which has made this necessary. In this he shows an honesty foreign to the average republican spell-binder and to that extent he should be accorded praise. The Major promised to make a more extended exposition of his views at an early day and until then let us possess our souls with patience.

His friends, who were urging Capt. Wm. Herndon to make the race for appellate judge, seem not to have "argued" sufficiently or to have lost their hold. At any rate, he says he is not nor will be a candidate. The idea seems to be to keep from creating discord by giving A. R. Burnam a free track, with the hope that he may defeat Judge Pryor. We can't believe that the people will retire that able jurist and thoroughly equipped lawyer for new and untried material, but will realize what would be the condition of our highest court without Judge Pryor's valuable services, and elect him by a greater vote than he has ever been given.

There's a man a slip 'twixt the neck and the noose, Jackson and Walling, the fiends who murdered poor Pearl Bryan are finding. New trials have been denied them, but the court of appeals will now take a hand, and as it will not be in session again till next fall, the two arch fiends have taken fresh courage and hope to celebrate many annual returns of the night that saw them sever the poor girl's head and hide it so completely from view.

"OLD GLORY" will spread herself tomorrow, by increasing the number of her stars to 45, to represent the number of States now in the Union. There will be three rows with seven stars each, and three with eight stars each, the rows alternating. The stripes, as before, are 13 in number—seven red and six white. And long may she wave, o'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

The dear old Johnnie Rebs, who evacuated Richmond 31 years ago, recaptured it Tuesday and held it and its citizens unconditionally. It was a glorious reunion, which the old boys enjoyed with the zest of youth. Gen. John B. Gordon and our own beloved, Simon Bolivar Buckner, were the idols of the occasion.

The democrats at Chicago may nominate a candidate equally as unacceptable as the Anarchistic Altgeld, but thank the Lord it can't name him. He is of foreign birth and therefore ineligible to the presidency. War on Germany ought to be declared for permitting such a crank to escape from its confine.

ALTHOUGH it is the biggest joke of the season, Senator Blackburn is taking it seriously and will really have himself presented for president at the Chicago convention. Oh, what some power the gift gle him, to see himself as it were him, he would not then make a monkey of himself.

On for a Gov. McCreary to lead us out of the bewildering wilderness this district is in. He could beat John Thompson now, free silver or no free silver, and then no republican would be in it.

HARRIET BRECHER STOWES is dead. And now if her Uncle Tom's Cabin will die also, all may be forgotten if not forgiven.

The next meeting of the Kentucky Press Association will be held at Middlesboro.

The silver men are in the saddle at Chicago, booted and spurred and will listen to neither rhyme nor reason. The platform will declare for free silver at 16 to 1 without international agreement and then nothing short of a miracle can save the party.

POLITICAL POINTS.

—It is said that if the Chicago convention declares for free silver every democratic paper in New York City will bolt. —Hobart is visiting McKinley at Canton. They agreed that neither should make a stumping tour during the campaign.

—The Illinois delegation to the Chicago convention elected Altgeld chairman and decided unanimously to support in the convention a motion to abolish the two-thirds rule.

—Charles D. Jacob, who has been four times mayor of Louisville, has announced his candidacy for election in November. He is very popular and it is thought can be easily elected.

—The free silver men say that no quarter will be shown to the sound money advocates at the Chicago convention. Of course not. Rule or ruin is the policy of those who now hold the deck.

—It is said that Gen. Hobson contemplates running as an independent candidate for Congress in the Third district. This would mean the everlasting defeat of Dr. Hunter, who Hobson says, is as much a free silverite as Rhea.

—Senator Lindsay says: "It strikes me that we are going straight to the devil, but I hope we will round to somewhere before we strike the jumping-off place." He thinks Bland is the logical candidate of the free silver democrats for the presidency.

—A big row is threatened in the republican State campaign committee. It is said that "the original McKinley men" will form a separate committee to handle the Hanna funds, and thus leave the regular committee without any of the sinews of war.

—Postmaster Heising, of Chicago, says that Whitney and Hill will be wasting time and labor trying to stem the silver tide at Chicago. He believes that Altgeld will control the Chicago convention as absolutely as he controlled the convention at Peoria.

—The democratic party was born in July, 1776, and in July, 1896, is lying at the point of death from an overdose of silver. The only hope for the distinguished patient seems to be in the gold cure, but the doctors are disagreeing, and a post mortem will doubtless have to be held. —Louisville Post.

—The bimetallic committee will ask to be allowed to name the temporary chairman, and if this request is refused they will offer a candidate for that place in opposition to any selection by the National committee. Senator Harris, of Tennessee, and Gov. Hogg, of Texas, are both talked of for chairman.

—The Anderson News, which lives in a free silver atmosphere, after speaking of Mr. Owsley's withdrawal says: The fight having thus narrowed down between the representatives of the gold and silver wings of the party, the race will be a lively one from now on. We are not in the prophesying business, and shall not attempt to say which one will win, but it is apparent that neither has a walkover.

—The Harrodsburg Sayings commends the course of Mr. Owsley in withdrawing from the Congressional race and suggests the same to Mr. Foree, both because he is out of sympathy with the democratic platform and the wishes of nine-tenths of his fellow-democrats on the currency question. It will make him no friends for Mr. Foree to say that he is for the gold standard and then promise to carry out the free silver policy.

—The Advocate says that the welfare of the party and the interest of the sound money side demanded that the race should be simplified by the withdrawal of either Mr. Owsley or Mr. Foree, and as Mr. Owsley has elected to retire, due credit should be given him for the sacrifice he has made. His course displays a disposition to subordinate his own ambition to harmony, which is commendable, and will, we believe, lead to the favorable consideration of his claims, should he apply for recognition in the future.

MORE NEWS NOTES.

—A child of Jordan Taylor, of Mercer county, was burned to death.

—Alonso Walling was refused a new trial by Judge Helm at Newport.

—A sea lioness at the Cincinnati Zoo gave birth to a cub, which is doing well.

—Clarence Vaughan was acquitted at Greensburg for the murder R. L. Foster.

—N. Haner, an aged farmer, of near Franklin, committed suicide by hanging.

—Logging men on the Kentucky river have had the finest logging tide since 1862.

—A man and four boys were drowned in Lake Mattapan, Mass., by the capsizing of a boat.

—At Falls River, Mass., a man cut his child's throat with a razor and then committed suicide.

—A Port Huron, Mich., woman fell dead while whipping her son. This ought to be a warning.

—The entries to the Louisville Driving and Fair Association closed with 274 crack horses in the list.

—Senator Isham G. Harris, of Tennessee, is tipped as permanent chairman of the Chicago convention.

—An Ohio woman committed suicide by taking concentrated lye.

—James Wade was bitten by a copperhead snake in Claiborne county, Tenn., and died in terrible agony.

—An immense snake was killed near Pomeroy, O., and when it was cut open two live rabbits rolled out.

—The little daughter of Vaughn Armstrong, of Catlettsburg, was poisoned on candy called "all day sucker."

—A shot gun quarantine is being maintained at Stevenson, Ala., on account of the prevalence of small-pox.

—Legal executions are among the things of the past in Ohio. The law prohibiting them went into effect Wednesday.

—Three persons were killed and one seriously injured by the explosion of a boiler in a newspaper office at Houston, Tex.

—At Savannah, Ga., Charles Thomas killed Johnson McNeil over two cents, which the former claimed the latter owed him.

—Mrs. Thomas Harris, of Fargo, N. Y., presented her husband with four boys which have been named Matthew, Mark, Luke and John.

—A female Christian scientist and a man and his wife were convicted in Toronto of having caused the death of a sick child by neglect.

—The militia has been ordered out to suppress rioting among the striking stone quarriers at Berea, O. Several men were injured in melees.

—Two fire bugs who caused the destruction of property valued at over \$2,000,000, were sentenced at Cambridge, Mass., to 20 years' imprisonment.

—There have been large sales of hides in Chicago at the best prices of the year. One packer sold last week 6,000 native steers at 84 cents and 10,000 Texans at 81 cents.

—Indian Head Cotton Mills, to cost \$200,000 and to be the largest in Alabama, will be established at Cordova by the Nashua Manufacturing Company of Nashua, N. H.

—A returned prospector gives a gloomy account of the Alaskan gold fields. He thinks the steamers will be unable to accommodate the people who will want to get away this summer.

—Charles Lytle, of Christian county, was fatally shot by George R. Grant, whose daughter he had been paying his attentions to. Grant had warned him not to come to his house.

—At Fort Smith, Ark., Rufus Buck, Louis Davis, Lucky Davis, Maomi July and Sam Sampson, comprising what is known as the Buck gang, were executed for murder and criminal assault.

—John T. Ryman, a hermit, who did recently near English, Ind., turns out to have been a fugitive from Kentucky justice, who was convicted in Meade county in 1868 of murder and escaped on his way to the penitentiary.

FARM AND TRADE ITEMS

—Granville Cecil sold to John Embry 49 extra good fat cattle at 40.

—Louis Walz bought of Charles Withers a small bunch of shoats at 20c.

—Forty-two thoroughbred yearlings sold at Latonia at an average of \$180.

—J. H. Baughman & Co. will pay the highest price for select shock wheat.

—The Lebanon Roller Mills paid 55c per bushel for two car-loads of wheat.

—Riley Grannon is said to have won \$30,000 on one race at Sheepshead Bay.

—John D. Harris bought the Silas Cobb farm of 219 1/2 acres, in Madison, at \$45.

—J. F. Engle, of Clark county, has a ewe that has dropped nine lambs inside of 15 months.

—The \$5,000 Horse Review Stake was won at Chicago Tuesday by the Lexington filly, Mary Beaufort.

—Kater McGregor has gone a mile in 2:16 and a half in 1:05. Abe Coleman thinks he will make a bread winner out of her this year.

—A young brute in Fayette got mad with a mule and pulled its tongue out by the roots, killing it in half an hour. He has run off to escape arrest.

—New Yorkers consume 80,000,000 dozen eggs per year and 2,000,000 pounds of butter per day. For the two articles they pay yearly \$32,600,000.

—J. H. Baughman & Co. have bought several crops of wheat at 50c, which is two cents more than the mills in Madison and adjoining counties are paying.

—Mare mule, two or three years old, light bay and untrimmed, came to my farm a few days ago. Owner can get her by paying for this notice. S. H. Shanks, Stanford, Ky.

—Monte Fox bought of Gillespie of Garrard, 36 fat cattle at 4 cents, and 16 from Arche Kavanaugh at \$3.75. The Gillespie cattle are extra good and are to be kept on grain until delivered this month. —Advocate.

—McMurray & McBrayer shipped 240 sloop fed hogs to Cincinnati for which they received \$3.10. Jos. A. Cohen bought of W. T. Bond and W. F. Lillard 375 sloop fed hogs, weighing 170 pounds, at \$2.80. —Anderson News.

—The Mexican government has recently placed an order at Wichita, Kan., for 600 cavalry horses, geldings 6 to 8 years old, weighing from 1,000 to 1,100 pounds, to be delivered in the city of Mexico by December 15.

—The farmers throughout Woodford are alarmed over the ravages of the chinch bug, that has appeared in many corn and oat fields. Much damage has already been done to the corn crop in the southern part of the county, it is feared, and also in Mercer county.

—The Georgetown Times draws the following pretty picture of things in Scott county: Crops never looked better; wheat harvested, in short, but fine in quality; prospect for corn never better; tobacco forward and thrifty, a large crop set; oats fine; potato crop abundant; hay crop a little short on account of drouth in May; fruit generally abundant; more peaches than usual; plenty of blackberries and gardens dined with fine vegetables.

TRUE TOPICS.

Goldsmith Maid has 35 descendants in the 2:30 list.

Thirteen stakes for the annual trotting meeting at Rutland, Vt., have all filled well.

Klamath, 2:08 1/4, will make his first start for this year at Denver the first of next month.

There are said to be more horses in training at Mystic park, Medford, Mass., than ever before.

Heir-at-Law, trotting record 2:12, will make his debut as a pacer in the 2:17 class at Elkhart, Ind.

R. J. Crable, of Alpena, Mich., will campaign the fast pacing mare Princess Dora, by Prince Regent, this season.

Dollkins, 2:14 1/4, the fast McGregor mare, will be out again this season. Will Swearingin is getting her ready.

Red Oak, the Hamblins' new green pacer, is entered from end to end of the season in the pacing stakes. Geers must like him.

Hamilton Busby is authority for the statement that Hopful's best record was 2:14. It was commonly supposed to be 2:14 1/4.

At the great Rhode Island state fair \$20,000 in purses and stakes will be given for trotters and pacers and \$3,000 for a horseless carriage race.

The St. Lawrence Valley (N. Y.) Horse Breeders' association has announced a programme of three stakes to be trotted and paced for at Canton, N. Y., July 4.

The pacer Charley P. has gone a mile over George H. Hicks' new combination track, Boston, in 2:19 1/4, which indicates that both the pacer and the half mile track are good just now.

OUR CANINE FRIENDS.

The most famous dog artist was Land Rover.

Seventeen species of wild dogs are known.

The "dogs of war" are famine, sword and fire.

The native wild dog of Australia is called the Dingy.

There are over 600 proverbs in the English language relating to dogs.

CONDITION OF THE FARMERS BANK & TRUST CO., OF STANFORD, KY.

At the close of business on June 30th, 1896.

ASSETS	
Unsecured Loans	\$24,268.77
Other Loans and Bonds	1,844.02
Overdrafts	971.76
Due from Banks	14,724.02
Bank Notes	2,400.00
Real Estate	500.00
Other Assets	11,718.08
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$56,826.55</b>
LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock	\$20,000.00
Surplus Fund	17,000.00
Unsecured Deposits	100,000.00
Individual Deposits	100,274.56
Due to Banks	11,118.08
Due to Payees	200.00
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>\$56,826.55</b>
INCOME	
Earnings for the month of June 1896	\$1,400.00
Interest on Loans	2,000.00
Interest on Bonds	2,000.00
Interest on Deposits	2,000.00
Interest on Real Estate	2,000.00
Interest on Other Assets	2,000.00
Interest on Capital Stock	2,000.00
Interest on Surplus Fund	2,000.00
Interest on Unsecured Deposits	2,000.00
Interest on Individual Deposits	2,000.00
Interest on Due to Banks	2,000.00
Interest on Due to Payees	2,000.00
<b>Total Income</b>	<b>\$20,000.00</b>

I, John B. Owsley, Cashier of the above-named bank, do swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. B. OWSLEY.

Sworn to before me by J. B. Owsley this July 1, 1896.

W. M. BRIGHT, N. P.

STATEMENT

First National Bank,

OF STANFORD, KY.,

JUNE 30TH, 1896.

Loans and Discounts	\$208,724.61
Stocks and Bonds	11,561.29
Overdrafts	5,187.84
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000.00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	9,124.00
Due from banks	11,679.12
Cash with U. S. Treasurer	2,250.00
Cash on hand	18,775.29
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$329,601.15</b>
Capital Stock	\$100,000.00
Surplus Fund	15,000.00
Undivided Profits	289.70
National Bank Notes	45,000.00
Individual Deposits	86,718.02
Due to banks	1,184.16
Due to pay taxes	500.00
Stock reduction	75,497.50
Due to pay losses	2,000.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$329,601.15</b>
Earnings since Feb. 18, 1896	\$5,502.86
Dividend	2,500.00
Surplus increased	365.00
Expenses and taxes	1,848.07
Gained to undivided profits	289.70
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$5,502.86</b>

J. S. HOCKER, President.

150 J. McROBERTS, Cashier.

A. A. MCKINNEY, Asst. Cashier.

Every Thing Will Hum

This Week.

Bargains will fly in the hands of the public. Surprises will crown surprises, success will crown success. Look!

Domestic Goods.

3 1/2c for Calico. 5c for Toweling.  
4 1/2c for Outing Cloth. 5c for Crinoline.  
5c for Mosquito Bar. 6 1/2c for Hope Cotton.  
6 1/4c for Green Ticket Lonsdale.

Persian Lawn 10c Per Yard.

10c for Persian Lawn per yard.  
India Linen from 5 to 25c per yard.  
All wool serge, 36 inches wide, in black and colors, 25c.  
All wool novelty goods only 48c per yard. An elegant all wool Henrietta, 46 in wide, only 60c. Ladies' fancy hose, 2 pr for 15c, worth double the money. A full line of hose from 5 to 50c pr. Our line of Shoes is the largest and cheapest in town. An extra good work shoe for 98c, worth \$1.50. Ladies' Dongola Shoes, in all styles and shapes, 98c, worth \$1.50. Ladies' Oxfords at 50, 75c, \$1, worth double the money. Our men's fine tan razor toe shoe at \$2, can't be bought for less than \$3.75 any where. Don't fail to look at our line of Lace Curtains, Serim, Crash, Lace Sets, Pillow Shams and a full line notions at prices startlingly low. Our Clothing Department has every available space occupied by seasonal goods for men and boys. Children's suits 75c, worth \$1.50; \$2 suits now \$1.25. Youth's suits, 13 to 18 years, \$2.50 to \$7, worth \$5 to \$12. Men's suits \$2.50 to \$15. 10 doz men's Cottonade Pants, all sizes, 45c, worth 75c.

LOUISVILLE STORE.

A: URBANSKY & CO., Proprietors,  
T. D. RANEY, Manager.

Branch Stores:

Paris, Carlisle, Mt. Sterling, Bardstown, Lawrenceburg  
Cynthiana, Versailles, Eminence, Georgetown,  
Elizabethtown, Frankfort, Ky.,  
and Mauckport, Ind.

STOVES!!

—AT—

AT YOUR PRICE.

Cooking, Heating, Gasoline, Stoves, And Ranges for 30 days going at less than actual cost.

W. H. WEAREN & CO.

JULY 1ST

Is almost here.

Your Account is About DUE.

A great many have been due a long time. I shall make a greater effort than I have ever made to collect, so to save time and annoyance both to you and to me I must ask that all those who owe me for accounts due, to settle at once. Interest added to all accounts due last January.

H. J. McROBERTS.

Next door to Penny's Drug Store, Stanford, Ky.

A GIFT!

We do not propose directly to make you a present, but if you need anything in our line, you can save enough money by dealing with us to make yourself a nice present. Come and see the many things we are offering

AT COST.

W. P. TATE, Stanford.

UNDERTAKING

—BY—

J. C. McCLARY,

Practical Trimmer, Embalmer

And Funeral Director.

Also carry a nice line of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Buggy Robes, Horse Blankets, Whips, &c.  
Room opposite Court-House Square, Stanford, Ky.



W. P. WALTON.

## QUEEN AND CRESCENT.

To National Educational Association, Buffalo, N. Y., July 7-11. Superb ventilated trains; and last time. Queen and Crescent passenger service to the East is unequalled. Connection in the Queen City with all lines, rail or water, to Buffalo. One fare for round trip (plus \$2) to Buffalo and return. Liberal return limits.

Y. P. S. O. E., Washington, D. C., July 7-13, 1896, via the Queen & Crescent Route. Half rates for round trip. Tickets good on venturated limited train. Connection with all lines to Washington. A good time to take your vacation trip at low cost. Ask agents for information about rates, selling dates and liberal limits. Chas. W. Zell, D. P. A., Cincinnati, O., O. L. Mitchell, D. P. A., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Low rates will be made for round trip tickets via the Queen & Crescent Route for the following occasions:

Plattsburg, N. Y., Catholic Summer School, July 5 to Sept. 1.

Detroit, Mich., Ancient Order Hibernians, July 14-21.

Milwaukee, Wis., B. Y. P. U. Meeting, July 16-19.

Kentucky Chautauque, Lexington, June 30 to July 10. Most brilliant programme of all the years. Low rates from all points in Kentucky to Lexington via the Queen & Crescent Route.

Glorious 4th.—Low rates from all points on the Q. & C. Tickets at 1/2 fare for the round trip will be sold via the Q. & C. July 2nd, 3rd and for morning trains July 4th. Good to return until the 7th.

Q. & C. to London, 1/2 fare for round trip from Somerset and other points North.

W. O. RINEARSON, G. P. A., Cincinnati, O.

Monon Route. Official line to the National Democratic convention, Chicago. Tickets will be sold at one fare for the round trip on July 3 to 6, good to return until July 13th, or one day after a journey of convention. The train with the Waterbury Club. Leaves Louisville Sunday, July 5th, at 8:19 P. M., \$11 for three days. Particulars furnished by E. H. Bacon, D. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

## Bucklin's Arnica Salve

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions. It cures rapidly and leaves no mark. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 5 cents per box. For sale by W. B. McKelvey, druggist.

## Free Pills

Send your address to H. K. Bucklin & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy to take and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and sick headache. For malaria and liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 50¢ per box. Sold by W. B. McKelvey, druggist.

## All Free

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertiser and get a trial bottle free. Send your name to H. K. Bucklin & Co., Chicago, and get a trial bottle of Dr. King's New Life Pills as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at W. B. McKelvey's drugstore.

Mrs. Rhodie Noah, of this place, was taken in the night with cramping pains, and the next day diarrhoea set in. She took a half bottle of Blackberry cordial, but got no relief. She then sent for me and I had her try Blackberry's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and the first dose relieved her. Another of our neighbors had been sick for about a week and had tried different remedies for diarrhoea, but kept getting worse. I sent him this same remedy. Only four doses were required to cure him. He says he owes his recovery to this wonderful remedy.—Mrs. Mary Sibley, Sidney, Mich.

For sale by Craig & Hocker, Stanford, Ky.

Last summer one of our grand children was sick with a severe bowel trouble. Their doctor's remedy had failed, then we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which gave very speedy relief. We regard it as the best medicine ever put on the market for bowel complaints.—Mrs. E. G. Gregory, Fredericktown, Mo. This certainly is the best medicine ever put on the market for dysentery, summer complaint, colic and cholera infantum in children. It never fails to give prompt relief when used in a reasonable time and the plain printed directions are followed. Many mothers have expressed their sincere gratitude for the cure it has effected.

For sale by Craig & Hocker, Stanford, Ky.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cures colds, croup and whooping cough. It is pleasant, safe and reliable.

For sale by Craig & Hocker, Stanford, Ky.

A woman never really knows the meaning of happiness and content until she is the mother of a healthy, happy child. The health of the child depends on the health of the mother, both before and after birth. Most of all woman's weakness, and particularly the weakness that most strongly influences the health of children, comes from derangement or disease of the distinctively female organs. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure troubles of this nature. It should be taken regularly by every woman during the entire period of gestation. It gives strength to all the organs involved, lessens the pains of childbirth and insures the health of both mother and child.

Send 21 one-cent stamps to cover the cost of mailing only, and receive free a copy of Dr. Pierce's Medical Advice. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

**MOST IN QUANTITY. BEST IN QUALITY.**  
**WORMS!**  
**WHITE'S CREAM**  
**VERMIFUGE**  
**FOR 20 YEARS**  
Has led all WORM Remedies.  
EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.  
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.  
RICHARDSON & SONS, ST. LOUIS.

## BREVITIES

## PERSONAL GOSSIP

The young khedive of Egypt is said to be an excellent amateur musician.

Sheikh Djemel-ed-Din, an exile from Persia and an enemy of the late czar, has resided in London since 1885.

Dr. Dover, the man for whom Dover's powders were named, was the friend of Alexander Selkirk on his lonely isle.

Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey, who is making a reputation as a lawyer in Washington, is the widow of the late General R. D. Mussey.

M. Francis de Pressense, son of the best known Protestant pastor and politician in France, is about to be received into the Catholic church.

Mr. Adie, this year's senior wrangler and Smith's prizeman at Cambridge, rowed in the university eight and was stroke of the First Trinity boat.

Judge Fain of Atlanta saved every ink bottle and pen he ever used, to say nothing of old clothes. At his death they were all carted to the crematory.

Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria is not allowed to fix the order of the toasts at the royal dinner parties in his own palace. The czar of Russia is not an easy boss.

Kaiser Wilhelm stopped at Frankfurt for a few hours for the celebration of the anniversary of the treaty of peace, and within three days there were 40 arrests for lese majeste in the town.

Mrs. Esther G. Ryder recently celebrated her eighty-seventh birthday at Riverdale, R. I., while a few days before Mr. and Mrs. Ryder celebrated the anniversary of their sixty-third year of married life.

Word has reached Newport that the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough will return to this country about Aug. 1, to remain two months. Most of the time will be spent at Newport, Marble House being opened and occupied by them.

Adolphe d'Emery, the French playwright, and his wife have resolved to bequeath 2,000,000 francs to the French Actors' Benevolent fund. To this princely donation are added the mansion and museum in the Avenue du Bois de Boulogne.

Father Damien's elder brother, Father Pamphile de Venster, having taken his place among the lepers of Molokai, Father Conzard, who at first worked as Damien's successor, has gone to China in the hope of establishing a leper settlement near Canton.

Queen Henrietta of Belgium, in spite of her snow white hair and her rank of a grandmother, still finds amusement in circus riding. She delights leaping her horse through burning hoops and over flaming hedges, and has jumped a pet horse over a dinner table covered with flowers and lighted candles.

## THE FASHION PLATE.

Some of the new collarettes have three or four large loops of ribbon in the bow at the back of the neck.

Blue serge is one of the popular materials. Serge dresses are made with fancy vests and collars, and make most serviceable costumes.

The blazer suit is in as much demand as ever, and there is every reason to suppose that it will continue so. The skirt is plain and of the usual flaring cut.

The new bodices are so arranged that they may be worn either inside or outside of the skirt. They have points in front and on either side, and fit the figure snugly.

A pretty and simple neck finish is made with a yard and a quarter of Dresden ribbon. This is caught down with fancy pins in front and finished with a bow at the back.

Girdles are worn with thin dresses and dressy costumes. Some of the new ones are pointed at the back and front, and are embroidered or trimmed with ruchings and ruffles of very narrow ribbon.

The fashionable dress collar is cut quite high at the back and loose enough to permit a ruching inside. There are vandykes and points of lace falling over the outside of the collar, and in many instances an additional ribbon is worn around the neck.

New corset waists are made with handkerchief fronts. These may be tied in a knot at the bust, or what is much better liked, the long points cross in the front and pass under the arms and meet at the back, where they are secured either by a button or pin to the belt.—New York Ledger.

## ITEMS OF INTEREST.

France manages to sell a billion oysters a year for 17,500,000 francs.

An English writer says the use of morphine by doctors is a constantly growing evil. In their case the temptation is enormous.

Beaumont and Fletcher's "Philaster" in a French translation was the play a Belgian workman's club in Brussels chose to perform recently, and it acted it well.

In a case that has come before it the supreme court of Illinois has just decided that a marriage contracted by two persons, one or both of whom were slaves, is null and void.

In 80 years the Dukes of Bedford have spent \$8,000,000 in improving one estate in Cambridgeshire from which they draw \$0 an acre rent. The land yields 50 bushels of wheat to the acre.

On May 14, 1796, Edward Jenner performed the first successful vaccination, and the centennial anniversary of the event was duly celebrated in this country and in every country of Europe, except his own country, Great Britain.

## SOME HARD FACTS.

THEY HIT TELLING BLOWS AGAINST FREE COINAGE AT 16 TO 1.

Secretary Hoke Smith Makes One of His Best Speeches—Ridicules the Proposed Free Coinage—Pictures the Awful Route We Must Travel to Reach a Silver Basis. Would Finally Have a Dollar of Uncertain Value Which Would Hamper Both Domestic and Foreign Trade.

The Hon. Hoke Smith, secretary of the interior, delivered a speech in New York on May 16 on the currency question. It is a speech that should be read by all who buy and sell and who vote or have influence with voters. It is as follows:

The people of this country make their contracts payable in dollars. They do business in dollars. Uncertainty as to the meaning of the word dollar must create doubt as to the effect of contracts and general distrust in business.

The dollar of the United States at present has a distinct meaning. It is equivalent to 23.22 grains of pure gold. Paper dollars are mere promises to pay in coin. Silver dollars, while they contain bullion worth only about 50 cents each, have been surrounded by safeguards of legislation limiting the number coined and supporting them by the credit of the government, so that they have been kept on a parity with gold dollars. Twenty-three-twenty-two-one-hundredths grains of gold therefore measure the value of what is meant by a dollar, when the term is used for trade here, and this has been true for about 50 years, with the exception of the period during which paper dollars were depreciated.

Upon the floor of the house of representatives in 1853, when the bill was pending which made fractional currency subsidiary, Cyrus L. Dunham of Indiana, who had charge of the bill, said:

"An objection urged against this proposed change is that it gives us a gold standard only. . . . Gentlemen talk about a double standard of gold and silver as a thing that exists, and that we propose to change. We have had but a single standard for the last three or four years; this has been and now is gold; we propose to let it remain so and adapt silver to it and regulate it by gold."

After this long experience in the use of dollars based upon 23.22 grains of gold the advocates of silver demand its free, unlimited and independent coinage at the present ratio.

This is really a proposition to remove from silver dollars the safeguards of legislation which surround them, to withdraw the limit and to take from them the support of the government. It is an effort to reach a bimetallic currency by the free and unlimited coinage of two metals at a fixed ratio which places 100 cents' worth of bullion in the gold dollar and 50 cents' worth of bullion in the silver dollar.

The experience of every country which has attempted the free and unlimited coinage of two metals at a ratio disregarding the commercial value of the bullion of each metal put into a dollar has been the coinage and use of the cheaper metal and the loss as money of the more valuable metal. The principle is thus expressed by Sir Isaac Gresham: "If debased coin is attempted to be circulated with full valued coin, all of the latter will disappear from circulation, and the overvalued and debased coin will alone remain, to the ruin of our commerce and business."

This indisputable doctrine was taught in the fourteenth century by Nicholas Oresme and again in the sixteenth century by Nicholas Copernicus. Coming down to 1717, Sir Isaac Newton, at that time director of the mint of England, declared:

"If silver leaves the shores of England in crowns or in ingots, the produce of coins melted, and gives place to gold, it is because the value which the monetary legislation assigns to it, in relation to gold, is not correct."

Apply the lesson practically to our own money. With free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 silver monometallism would result, and the measure of the value of our dollar would be 371 1/4 grains of silver, worth about 13 grains of gold.

But the advocates of silver coinage insist that with 371 1/4 grains of silver admitted in unlimited quantities to the mints for coinage, free of charge, the bullion value of this number of grains would necessarily be equal, before coinage, to the coined dollar. This is true, and it would be equally true of 100 grains, or of 1 grain, if admitted free and in unlimited quantities to coinage. Indeed, if chips were admitted free and in unlimited quantities to the privilege of being stamped into dollars, the chips, before they were stamped, would be worth as much as the dollars after they were stamped, but unfortunately the dollars would be worth no more than chips.

Another favorite argument of the free silver advocates refers to the experience of France, and they have claimed all over the country that France, from 1803 to 1874, by fixing a legal ratio for the coinage of silver and gold (at 15 1/2 to 1), kept the commercial ratio between the two metals at the same figures. This inaccurate statement has been one of their principal arguments. If they will really examine the history of France, they will find that before 1820 the difference between the commercial value of gold and silver exceeded 15 1/2 to 1, and France became silver monometallic. Later on, between 1840 and 1850 the commercial difference was less than 16 to 1, and France became gold monometallic.

From 1792 to 1860 the subject of coinage of gold and silver was frequently discussed by American statesmen, and no suggestion can be found, from any of them, that the government could overcome even a small difference in the

commercial value of metals by free and unlimited coinage at a fixed ratio.

This country failed to add 3 per cent to the value of silver and make it equal to a ratio of 15 to 1 with gold prior to 1834, and it failed to add 6 per cent to gold and make it equal to a ratio of 1 to 16 with silver subsequent to 1840.

No limit can be placed upon the mass of silver still unmined. Good authority indicates that the present annual volume can be produced for about 60 cents an ounce. It is impossible to place and maintain a price upon such a commodity which would give it a profit entirely disproportionate to that earned by the average enterprise. Yet the advocates of free coinage of silver now propose to undertake the experiment at a legal ratio of 16 to 1, although the commercial ratio is 31 to 1.

We are therefore confronted with a proposition to change the meaning of the dollar from 23.22 grains of gold to 371 1/4 grains of silver. As 371 1/4 grains of silver are worth only about 13 grains of gold, it is practically a proposition, at a single blow, to reduce the value of a dollar one-half.

It is a movement more radical than one to reduce openly the bullion in a gold dollar to 13 grains. This would be a step dangerous, but definite. No one knows what 371 1/4 grains of silver would be worth under free and unlimited coinage. It is impossible to say whether the increased demand for silver would carry 371 1/4 grains of silver somewhat above 13 grains of gold, or whether this increased demand would shortly produce a disproportioned increased supply and carry the value of 371 1/4 grains of silver somewhat below 13 grains of gold.

I am aware that the advocates of free coinage of silver object to estimating the value of silver in gold, but all international trade is measured by grains of gold. No matter what system we adopt, unless our international commerce is abandoned, our dollars will be actually measured by gold, even though we fix them upon a silver standard.

The movement for the free and unlimited coinage of silver is therefore an effort not only to reduce the value of a dollar about one-half, but to leave it in a state of uncertainty. It threatens a complete change in the meaning of the term dollar to some meaning in the neighborhood of one-half its present meaning. It threatens an entire change of the value of the term by which contracts and credits are estimated and by which business is conducted.

In every country where progress and prosperity are found the great bulk of business must depend upon credits. The credits are estimated in dollars, and whatever creates a doubt as to the meaning of a dollar must tend to suppress business. The more threat involves uncertainty, and this uncertainty must be removed to bring back to business normal prosperity.

To appreciate the importance of removing doubt upon this subject, contemplate briefly the process of reaching the proposed silver standard. We saw in 1893 a paralysis of business, in large part produced by the threat of a silver standard.

If a president and congress were elected in November committed to the free and unlimited coinage of 371 1/4 grains of silver into dollars, nearly six months would pass before they could be inaugurated and six months more before the proposed legislation could become law. During that time creditors would seek to protect themselves against being paid in dollars worth only about 13 grains of gold, and they would endeavor to make collections before the unlimited coinage of depreciated dollars began. The debtors would not be allowed to remain debtors until they could get the advantage of paying off what they owed at 50 cents on the dollar; they would be forced to immediate settlements. Sheriffs and constables would call upon them without delay. Depositors in banks would withdraw their money. The large merchants, forced to settle their foreign indebtedness, would insist upon immediate payment of debts due from smaller merchants. The smaller merchants in turn would be compelled to force collections from their customers. The great volume of business conducted upon credits would cease.

Manufacturing enterprises could not afford to continue business or make contracts until the value of the new dollar could be settled by the determination of just what 371 1/4 grains of silver would prove to be worth. Manufacturers would close. Business houses would fail. Banks would be raided. The unemployed would be numbered by millions. The farmers would find few purchasers for their products. Want and famine would pervade the land.

At the end of a few years, when business settled down to the new meaning of a dollar, fluctuations in the commercial price of silver would still keep our dollars of uncertain value and hinder domestic trade.

Business interests, reaching from the richest banker to the poorest paid laborer, require the removal of all doubt about the meaning of a dollar. No man should be trusted even with an important nomination who does not recognize that the value of a dollar is now measured by 23.22 grains of gold, and who is not willing to openly declare his purpose to help keep it there.

The Cheap Money Will-o'-the-wisp.



## HOUSE-CLEANING TIME.



H. C. RUPLEY,

THE MERCHANT TAILOR

Is Receiving his

SPRING AND SUMMER

Goods; all Warranted and a Perfect Fit Guaranteed. Give him a Call.

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DEALER IN

Groceries, Hardware, Glassware, Queensware and Tinware.

Big Line of Farming Implements of all kinds. Handsome line of Shoes and a well selected stock of Dry Goods, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats and Caps.

Prices to Suit The Times.

FULL LINE OF

Buggies, Carriages and Phaetons

Just Received. Also a Splendid Lot of Buckboard.

Full and Complete Stock of Farming Implements consisting of Cultivators, Land Rollers, Corn Planters, Etc. See Our Line of Harrows before you buy. Farm Wagons by the Car-Load at Prices to suit the Times. Call and See us.

B. K. WEAREN.

FOR CASH!

There will be a GREAT SLAUGHTER in prices For the Next Thirty Days. In our CLOTHING AND SHOE DEPARTMENTS. Nice line of Men's Fine Shoes in Tans and Blacks. Call at once and get pick of the stock.

W. E. PERKINS, Crab Orchard.

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This is the best market and ours is the best house to ship to. We make liberal advances on consignments. Besides we have better facilities than other houses in having many large factories to supply. We get you the top price and pay spot cash; not in trade. No traveling agents. Ship all your wool and farm produce direct to us.

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THE BLUE-GRASS HERD OF THOROUGHBRED DURESS-JERSEY RED HOGS.

My Breeders were selected from the best herds of this famous breed of swine in several different States. A splendid lot of pigs of different ages for sale. Bred cows a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed. Correspondence solicited. Address

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Short Line from the Blue Grass Cities to Cincinnati with every accommodation to patrons. Free Parlor Cars Lexington to Cincinnati. Cafe, Parlor and Observation Cars between Cincinnati, Lexington and Chattanooga.

Chas. W. Zell, W. C. Rinearson, Div. Pass' Agent, Cincinnati, O. G. P. A., Cincinnati, O.



Prosperity Not Politics.

It is of the highest importance to the people of Illinois that both state conventions shall declare clearly and positively for sound money. The money question is not one of politics, but of prosperity.

Two years ago there was a large amount of English and Scotch money in this city for investment. It was loaned at low rates and on favorable terms. It lowered the interest rate in the general money market. It helped to make money cheap as well as abundant.

As soon as it became apparent abroad that the senate of the United States was dominated by men who believed in free coinage of silver, which means that debts contracted on a basis of 100 cents to the dollar shall be paid at the rate of 60 cents to a dollar, this foreign capital, which had been so fruitful for the state, gradually withdrew.

Its withdrawal contracted available money to that extent and at the same time raised the interest rate, while it tightened the money market even at the higher rate. There is scarcely an industry in Illinois that has not suffered by this stringency. There is not an industry in Illinois that will not be benefited by the return of this foreign money. The man who needs to borrow to make a payment on his little home is as much to be benefited by it as the great merchant, the farmer as much as the manufacturer.

Should either state convention declare for sound money or qualify its financial plank in any way so as to seem to lean to free silver coinage the entire state will be the sufferer, and the class upon whom the injury will fall most cruelly will be the wage earners. For, with money at a high rate and hard to get, it will be impossible to continue in operation industrial plants.

Let both state conventions therefore speak for honest money, and speak so that the language shall be universally understood. The money question is a question of prosperity, not of politics.—Chicago Times-Herald.

German Against Free Silver.

The Anzeiger des Westens of St. Louis, leading German Democratic paper of the southwest, is disgusted with the free silver plank adopted by the Democratic state convention. It says:

"Its authors identify themselves prominently with this 16 to 1 platform as adherents of the 'time honored principles' formulated and practiced by Jefferson, Madison, Jackson, Benton and other 'great and distinguished Democrats.' However, he who is in the least acquainted with Democratic history knows that these time honored Democratic principles have nothing in common with the modern Populist advocates of free silver, and that the 'great and distinguished' Democrats, from Jefferson down to Tilden, were one and all 'sound money men,' adherents and champions of honest, full value specie, who would have fought every attempt at depreciation and at fraudulent shifting of responsibility as being rascally and criminal. One might as well try to imagine George Washington in the role of the traitor Benedict Arnold as those distinguished Democrats advocates of the proposition for the coinage of 50 cent dollars or compelling the creditors of the nation to take them as payment for 100 cents. 'Old Hickory' Jackson and 'Old Bullion' Benton would have driven from his threshold with a curse, if not with a lash or horsewhip, any one who would have dared to approach him with such a proposition."



The Woman who uses CLAIRETTE SOAP

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Made only by The N. K. Fairbank Company, St. Louis.

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RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

"A good Residence House in Stanford, with store-house on same lot, for sale. The lot contains 5/8 acre, and can be easily divided, putting store-house and residence on separate lots. At reasonable price and on easy terms. Apply to J. N. SAUNDERS, Stanford, Ky."

WOMAN'S WORLD.

A SHERIFF WHOM THE CHILDREN ADDRESS AS "MAMMA."

Does Woman Earn Her Keep?—Woman in Business—The Latest in Corsets. The Opening Doors—Modern Grace Darlings—Some Seasonable Suggestions.

The children of the sheriff of Green county, Mo., say "mamma" when they address that official. Mrs. Helen Stewart, who guards the jail at Springfield, the county seat, is a pleasant appearing woman of middle age, somewhat stout, and having features which indicate resolution—in short, she looks like a merry woman, and she is. Several times, with the aid of one deputy—a man—she has locked her 42 prisoners in their cells for



SHERIFF HELEN STEWART.

the night, and she is not afraid to enter the jail proper at any period of the day or night unattended. Her husband, the former sheriff, died a year ago, and Mrs. Stewart asked for the position, as she had no means of earning a living for herself and two little girls. The community sympathized with her, and she was allowed to take her husband's place. She resides in the jail but a few feet from where the cells are located. Her children are 8 and 10 years of age respectively, and are being educated by their mother, who before marriage was a school teacher in New York state.

Mrs. Stewart's deputies make most of the arrests, but she has served several criminal warrants herself, and in all instances has taken her prisoners to the jail without difficulty, for people in this county know that she is an excellent pistol shot and always carries her revolver with her.—Brooklyn Citizen.

Does Woman Earn Her Keep?

Thousands of women work in the mines of Belgium and England. In the first named country they formerly worked from 12 to 16 hours a day, with no Sunday rest. The linen thread spinners of New Jersey, according to the report of the labor commissioner, are "in one branch of the industry compelled to stand on a stone floor in water the year round, most of the time barefoot, with a spray of water from a revolving cylinder flying constantly against the breast, and the coldest night in winter as well as the warmest in summer these poor creatures must go to their homes with water dripping from their underclothing along their path because there could not be space of a few moments allowed them wherein to change their clothing." Yet women are "excepted" from labor attended by hardship!

Despite these washerwomen, miners and linen thread spinners, we are told "it is woman's privilege generally to be exempted from the care of earning her livelihood and that of her offspring."

It would seem to be time that this libel upon women should be scorned by fair minded men. From all antiquity the majority of women have been faithful workers, rendering a full equivalent in labor for their scanty share of the world's goods. The origin of every industry bears testimony to this. In our own era, while women were still home-keepers, did the cooking, the doctoring, the nursing, the child care, "the work that was never done," if it was not earning a subsistence? Even in those days, when woman goes forth and receives the reward of her labor as publicly as man, she is no more worthy of her hire. Her ancestors—sweet and saintly souls—did not dream of recompense. But was it not her due, and shall we refuse to credit it because man was then a self-sufficient ignoramus who deemed himself the only one fit to acquire property?—Alice B. Tweedy in Popular Science Monthly.

Woman in Business.

Woman's introduction into the business world is no longer an experiment. The feminine wage earner is now a permanent factor in the national economy. The individual drops out of the ranks to form a center around which home springs up, but another woman, not a man, takes her place. The type remains. More and more places are being made for women, to such an extent that a recent census bulletin reports the increase in the number of women employed in gainful occupations during the period between 1870 and 1890 to have been 118 per cent, while in trade and transportation the increase was 1,061 per cent.

This change is significant. It is, in fact, a revolution. Twenty or indeed ten years ago the girls of an ordinary middle class family in which the father was a small business man, an expert mechanic, or a farmer capable of supporting his family with decency if not absolute comfort were expected to stay at home and help with the housework until they went to reside over homes of their own. It was considered something of a slur to say that a man's daughters were obliged to go out to work.

Nowadays this sentiment is reversed. A business training is as much a matter of course for the daughters as for the sons. And no one is surprised when the daughters prefer putting the training into practice instead of devoting their time to household duties enlivened with social amusements. The growth of the

idea that woman is an individual, not an appendage, that she has social duties and moral responsibilities as well as men, is really at the bottom of the revolution.—Mary E. J. Kelley in Lippincott's.

The Latest in Corsets.

The craze for out of door exercise for women has so wonderfully increased of late that it has created a demand for proper costumes and also for proper corsets. This necessity has been fully met, and now there is a special kind of corset for nearly every different sort of exercise, and the models are still so neat and graceful and finely finished that it looks as if the new woman had not as yet lost the desire for dainty lingerie. The new corsets are as carefully made to fit the figure as a glove to fit the hand. There is the short tennis and rowing corset, that also looks well under an empire gown on a slender woman, and it sufficiently supports a stout one if the gown above it is of the flowing style in which the waist line is concealed.

The cycle corset is also short, with elastic hips and gussets, giving the wearer ease and perfectly free action. The hammock or gymnast's corset has elastic shoulder straps and is little more than half a corset, reaching only a little way beneath the arms. The riding corset is short, but longer than the hammock style, as it has a wide elastic band that runs from the spoon back over the hips to the back. The best boon of all, however, is the new graceful, yet comfortable, if rather expensive corset, for stout women—long below the waist and shaped with strong but easy V gorges, and short from the waist up, with the seams of the front and the bias gorges running toward the steels in a distinct V form that produces a graceful result, yet the model is not torturing like the "straight fronts," "usually made for stout women."—New York Post.

The Opening Doors.

Ask and it shall be given you; seek and ye shall find; knock and it shall be opened unto you.

Relatively the Biblical prophecy has come true of woman. Absolutely there are some things yet to be fulfilled.

Today's American girl of any and all stations has so much more to look forward to than her sister of yesterday that she need waste no precious time in enviously contemplating the superior advantages her other sister of tomorrow will enjoy.

Sixty years ago an English woman since esteemed great came to this country to observe how women earned a living. She found one so called profession and three trades open.

There are now 400 trades and half as many professions by which thousands of women get not only a living, but a competency.

Women cannot vote yet in all these United States, but they can be and have been mayors, postmasters, pension agents, county clerks, city clerks, registers of deeds, police justices, jurors, overseers of the poor, prison commissioners, state librarians, school superintendents and supervisors, engrossing clerks of legislatures, superintendents of women's prisons, police matrons, members of state boards of charity, lunacy and correction and federal marshals.—New York Press.

Modern Grace Darlings.

In the good time coming Grace Darling will be merely one of many ship saving heroines. The day seems to have arrived when every town along the coast has at least one young woman with a boat and a few lives to her credit. Two of the most recent recruits to the saving list are western women—Miss Laura Bradshaw of Oakland and Mrs. Ida Robinson of San Francisco. The former rescued a foundering yacht and Mrs. Robinson guided a vessel through stormy seas from Honolulu.

Miss Bradshaw, who was on the wharf when the good yacht Rover was failing in an attempt to make its harbor because the line by which the boat was to be moored was not being properly hauled in, simply rolled up her sleeves and helped to haul. She had strong arms, and her efforts were successful. By and by others came to her aid and the yacht was saved.

Mrs. Robinson was the pilot of the good bark Hollinswood during a storm that split masts and made sails useless, but Mrs. Robinson steered the ship safely through it all. She has been her father's navigator for four years and comes of a seafaring family that regards trips around the Horn and the Cape of Good Hope as mere trifles.—New York Journal.

A Plucky Woman.

A plucky woman in Washington, who was one of the many clerks dropped from the government pay rolls last year, looked around hard for a few weeks for other clerical work, and finding none did the next best thing—what she could. What this was is told in a little notice that appeared in the women's cloak-room in one of the department buildings:

Wanted—Washing to do, by a good plain washer and ironer; also clear starching; satisfaction guaranteed and rates reasonable.

The woman's wisdom in selecting as her employment a necessary service was as apparent as her bravery in undertaking so modest a field of labor as that of laundress and clear starcher. As the situation was tersely put by another woman who is making a good income selling stove polish, after almost starving attempting to take orders for fine embroidery: "The same condition of affairs which lost me my salaried place affects the demand for a pure luxury like fine embroideries. Stove polish has to be used, centerpieces and doilies can be got on without." When times are hard, the bread winner finds quickest returns in supplying a necessity.—Washington Correspondent.

Room to Breathe.

It is one of the hopeful and comforting signs of the times that the compressed waist, save on a few women, is rarely seen. Whether it is the bicycle

or the fashion that has wrought this change or whether women have grown more sensible and are demanding room to breathe matters not. The result is the only thing in which we are specially interested, and this is exceedingly favorable to health, good sense and the comfort of the woman of today, and accords a great gain in the probable advancement of generations to come. Women who some years ago had waists somewhat on the hour glass principle are wearing dresses that give them a couple of inches more belt measure than of old, and they look quite as well to the artistic eye, and a thousand times better in the eyes of those whose opinions are worth having. The fashions of the day have perhaps made the large waist possible. The enormous sleeves have been the objects of attention in the toilet, and whether the waist was a fraction or so larger or smaller really did not count. At all events, there is more amplitude, more room to breathe and more space for expansion, and women should be duly and humbly thankful.—New York Ledger.

House Service in Australia.

Some revolutionary suggestions in regard to domestic servants are being discussed in Australia. It is proposed to call them "household employees." They will not be in the dining room, either with the family or by themselves. They will not be at the back and call of the mistress. There will be two shifts of "employees," one to work from 6 a. m. to 2 p. m. and the other from 2 p. m. to 8 or 9 p. m., so that they may have the afternoons and evenings off every alternate week. It is believed that the expenses of the household would not be increased by adopting this step, as domestic service under this new condition of affairs would be rendered so attractive that servants would be obtainable at half the present wages, and sweating in factories would be largely diminished by reducing the number of applicants.

Mme. Tholozan.

Mme. Tholozan, wife of the late shah's French physician, was in many ways a remarkable woman. She had lived in Persia many years and was full of anecdotes of her varied experiences of harem life in that country. She had long been literally pursued by "the fire brand." Fifteen years ago she was saved from a burning vessel off Batoum. She was among the rescued from the terrible fires which destroyed the Opera Comique in Paris and the Municipal theatre at Nice, and she arrived in Constantinople on the morning of the fatal fire which burned down Mead's famous hotel, and only escaped with her life, all her property being burned. She caught a cold in this adventure which ultimately settled on the lungs and caused her death.

The Placket.

The shirt waist, with all its advantages, is productive of carelessness as to the skirt, and in spite of numerous devices the hand still falls below the waist line and the placket often yawns. A certain patent fastening that resembles a hook and eye, but remains more tightly clasped, is an almost certain remedy for the latter evil at least. It behooves the women, who are nice to an extreme in the matter of collars and exacting as to ties, to bear the fact in mind. A white skirt or a bit of the silk petticoat may be harmless in itself, but the fact of its protruding unbidden calls down masculine criticism, and in the point of neatness of attire woman cannot afford to be outdone.

Shoulder Capes.

Capes of every dainty description maintain their own vigorously against the innovations fashion would introduce. The very smartest shoulder capes are of black brussels net or mousseline de soie over silk or satin, with appliques of rich lace as a finish, and the edges are completed by a pinked out frill of glove silk or satin matching the foundation. A full ruche of net or mousseline de soie edged with rows of tiny satin ribbon is carried around the neck and very often down the front.

White Linen Cushions.

White linen sofa cushions give a wonderful touch of daintiness to the subsummer cottage parlor. They are, above all, suitable—the right thing in the right place, as they admit of laundering. Some of them are covered in all over designs, others have small flowers worked solidly in wash silks, like violets, forget-me-nots and the like, and almost all have deep homestead borders.

The Fashionable Belt.

Wearers of the fashionable belt should remember this: A slender waist can wear anything about it. One that is not trim and small needs either a tightish belt or none. A ribbon about it accentuates its size, and should never be donned unless decidedly drawn to give a belted in appearance.

The use of polished tables for luncheon and teas which seems now and again to fall into a certain sort of disfavor, chiefly because novelty must be had by some hostesses at all cost, is this season in especial vogue.

By a decision of the United States supreme court Mrs. Hetty Green secures title to Chicago property worth, it is estimated, over \$500,000. The case has been pending for 20 years in various courts.

Trimmed skirts are assuredly winning their way. A recent model from Paris shows gussets of the material set in the front and side seams, each being outlined with a narrow ruche.

A convenient utensil for the kitchen, not in general use, is a small paint brush. It is neater and more effective for the greasing of pans than the usual bit of paper.

Waitresses are to take the place of waiters in the restaurant of the house of commons.

SELECTIONS

IDENTIFICATION BOOKS.

A Scheme For Proving Identity in Various Countries.

Passports are intended primarily for the purpose of identification. The same idea is the object of a scheme which has been adopted lately by a number of the nations of the world. The question whether it shall be taken up by the United States is to be discussed at the convention to be held in Washington next winter. The idea referred to is nothing more nor less than an identification book, which enables the holder to establish his identity wherever in the world he may be. This is often a matter of the utmost importance. Travelers ignorant of the language of the country through which they are journeying are apt to have trouble in securing mail addressed to them, in cashing money orders and in various other ways. They may even find themselves stranded for lack of the very funds which are awaiting them at the postoffice simply because they are not personally known. It is mainly through agitation of the subject by tourists that the identification book has become an accomplished fact.

The book of identification is a small, green paper covered book of convenient size for the pocket. It costs only 10 cents, and may be bought at any postoffice. On the inside of the cover is placed a photograph of the holder, tied in place and fastened by a sealed ribbon. To this is attached the signature of the person. On the opposite page is a declaration signed by the postoffice official, stating that photograph and signature are genuine. Of course the official witnesses the making of the signature and is easily able to determine whether the portrait is a likeness of the applicant or not. On the next page is a full description of the holder of the book, giving details as to height, eyes, nose, forehead, chin, mouth, coloring, hair and "particular marks." Thus, if a man has a wart on his nose it is mentioned.

Now follows a declaration to the effect that "on presentation of this book and the signing of a receipt, any postoffice is required to deliver to the holder all mail matter addressed to him." It is necessary, however, that the signature on the receipt shall correspond to the signature in the book, and that lineaments of the person shall agree with the photograph and the description given in the book. Two-thirds of the book of identification is made up of a series of receipts arranged like bank checks, which may be torn out and given in exchange for mail matter or money transmitted by mail. It is easy to see that this plan is calculated to save an immense amount of trouble. The postoffice which receives the last receipt of a book of identity retains the stub of that receipt book, and if the holder of the book demands it must issue to him a new book without requiring further proofs of identity. The stubs of the book duly numbered are attached to the cover by a ribbon in the national colors of the country that sells the book, and the two ends of the ribbon are fastened by an official seal.

Already the scheme has been adopted by France, Italy, Switzerland, Turkey, the Argentine Republic, Brazil, Bulgaria, Colombia, Costa Rica, Egypt, Greece, Liberia, Mexico, Paraguay, Portugal, Roumania, Tunis, Venezuela and Chile. It remains to be seen whether it will be accepted by the United States.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Bruce Telescope.

Miss Catherine Lorillard Bruce, who presented to the Howard astronomical observatory the money necessary to purchase a 24 inch telescope, to be devoted exclusively to photographic work, has placed a considerable sum at the disposal of Dr. Max Wolf of Heidelberg, an eminent German astronomer, for a similar purpose. Inasmuch as the gift came from an American, Dr. Wolf felt that it would be a gracious thing to place the order in this country. He has therefore asked Mr. Brashear, the famous instrument maker of Allegheny, to undertake the work. The new telescope will be double, each tube having a diameter of 18 inches; hence two sets of lenses, which are intended to be exact duplicates, will be produced. The material will be the new Jena glass, which has attracted the attention of opticians for the last few years. Popular Astronomy says that the instruments will be employed in photographing nebulae, comets and asteroids. The advantage of using two telescopes at the same time is that one will prove a check on the other. Valuable time will thus be saved in verifying results.

Chicago Sends Roses to New Orleans.

"Do you know," said James Brantley, who is interested in the big Chicago hothouses, "that there is a big trade between New Orleans and Chicago in cut flowers, and that there are hundreds and thousands of roses shipped from there every year? That is the fact, and I have been wondering why, in a country like this, where it is the easiest thing in the world to cultivate flowers, there should not be a large hothouse devoted especially to the northern trade, instead of our selling to you. We have a greater demand than we can supply during the winter months, and I have seen a single Marchal No. 1 bud bring as high as \$1.25. That would seem preposterous to you, wouldn't it? But it is so, and you will understand just what there is in the flower industry when I tell you that violets sold in Washington city last winter for 40 cents a dozen, and in New York for 75 cents and \$1 a dozen. A dozen violets make a bunch a little bigger than a nickel, and they wither in about an hour after they are pinned on. Yet there was a bigger violet trade this past season than ever before."—New Orleans Picayune.

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Primary, Preparatory, Academic and Collegiate Courses of Study. Schools of Music, Art and Elocution. The Scholastic Year for 1896-97 will open Monday, Sept. 7, and continue forty weeks. Before deciding to what school you will send your daughter, be sure to send for our New Catalogue. Address: MRS. NANNIE SAUFLEY, Lady Principal.

Turnpike Election.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Knob Lick, McCormack & Turnersville Turnpike Co. will be held at McCormack's, JULY 3, 1896, at a o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year.

E. D. HAYTON, President.

Portland. To the San Francisco.

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STANFORD, KY., - JULY 3, 1896

E. C. WALTON, Business Manager.

You should take your prescriptions to Penny's drug store where prompt and accurate service is guaranteed.

## PERSONAL POINTS.

Mrs. Alice Lusk, of Hustonville, was here Tuesday.

Judge and Mrs. J. W. Alcorn went to Cincinnati Wednesday.

Mr. S. H. Bacon has made a business trip to Lebanon this week.

Mr. J. H. Gorker and two of his children are down with measles.

Mr. A. E. Goodwin, of Nashville, is a guest at Mrs. Richard Bibb's.

Mrs. Hattie Weaken and Harris Wearson went over to Lexington yesterday.

Mr. J. S. Owsley, Jr., went to Franklin yesterday to see his wife and baby.

Prof. F. J. Duff left last week for Ridgefield, Conn., to spend the holidays.

Mrs. Mary Penny went over to Lexington Tuesday to visit her sister, Mrs. Graves.

Mrs. Emily Sauley is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Dr. J. H. Grady, at Columbia.

The baby boy of Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Walton has been exceedingly ill for nearly a week.

Messrs. E. W. Smith and J. N. Saunders made a business trip to Springfield this week.

Little Evelyn Eastland, who is visiting her grand mother in Mercer, is quite sick.

John B. Foster spent several days with his sister, Mrs. Thomas Metcalf, in Jessamine.

Miss Jennie McKinney went down to Bradfordville Wednesday to visit Mrs. John Taylor.

Mr. J. B. Adams and wife, who are located at Hustonville for the present, were here Tuesday.

Messrs. Jessie and Kate Cook are spending a week with Mrs. Maria Cook, near Lancaster.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Haley, of Lebanon Junction, are visiting Mr. Alfred Haley at Rowland.

Mrs. C. H. Payne, who is summing up at Swampscott, Mass., orders her paper changed from Boston.

Dr. Walter Ballou went over to Lancaster Wednesday to assist his brother, Mr. H. M. Ballou, in his store.

Mr. J. H. Hinton, who has been sick for several months, was well enough to come to town Wednesday.

Mr. John L. Ray was over from Garrard yesterday visiting friends and may help the Louisville Store again.

Mr. H. C. Thompson, of London, made a special trip here yesterday to buy a mockingbird of Mrs. Thomas Dalton.

Capt. B. D. McGraw and wife were interested spectators at the Murphy trial, and much sympathy was felt for them.

Mrs. Matt Woodson and children, of Middleboro, came down Tuesday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Crow.

A. M. Williams, a Pennsylvania oil man, has purchased leases covering 14,000 acres in Adair and proposes to bore at once.

Mrs. W. W. Thomas and children, Hallie and Ethel, of Louisville, arrived yesterday to visit her sister, Mrs. W. B. McRoberts.

Mr. B. E. Pottery, representing a New York dry goods house, was here Wednesday. He says the currency agitation is running trade.

Mrs. P. W. Green, of McKinney, and Miss Mollie Wright and her guest, Miss Gill, of Lexington, spent yesterday with Mrs. J. E. Portman.

Mrs. Mary Burch is quite sick, and Miss Rachel Allison came Wednesday night in response to a telegram. Miss Essie Burch is improving.

Mr. George H. Nelson, representing the Nelson's Hawaiian Hair Elixir Co., was here this week and our readers are going to hear much from him in the future.

Little Sterling Lackey, who has been at death's door for several days, is, we are glad to report, much improved, and his recovery is now almost certain. Harrodsburg Sayings. This is the little son of Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Lackey.

There is a report that John B. Thompson, of Harrodsburg, was in town Tuesday, but as he did not call at this office, it must be taken as prima facie evidence that it isn't true. We are very fond of Johnnie and know he wouldn't treat us that way.

Rev. J. P. Halsell and wife (nee Miss Lucile Caldwell) have taken a cottage at North Chatham, Cape Cod, Mass., where, on account of Mr. Halsell's health, they will remain during the summer, unless Judge Caldwell's condition necessitates their return to Kentucky.—Danville Advocate.

## CITY AND VICINITY.

Fruit Jars at Warren & Shanks'.

Douche Pans \$2. Craig & Hocker.

Jelly Glasses at Warren & Shanks'.

For life, fire and accident insurance, call on R. B. Mahony.

For the best policies of Fire Insurance go to Jesse D. Wearson.

Prescription work done at lowest cash prices. Craig & Hocker.

Tin cans and sealing wax at Warren & Shanks'.

Tom Furrill is preparing to open a saloon at Rowland.

Three three Danville hanks declared 5 per cent. dividend each.

Before you leave, go to Jesse D. Wearson and get an accident policy.

Coal for thrashing purposes at 9c per bushel by J. H. Baughman & Co.

Magic stock and chicken food, heat and cheapest on the market. Craig & Hocker.

Damaged wheat for chicken or hog feed at 40c per bushel. J. H. Baughman & Co.

A healthy wet horse can secure a good position by immediate application to this office.

The Stanford boys will play the Hogsett Academy nine a game of ball at Danville to-morrow.

Inspect the line of clothing at Shanks' before buying. Quality and price the chief inducements.

Your account at M. S. & J. W. Baughman's is ready for you and you must settle it at once. Don't fail.

Your account is due and ready for you. I need money and ask that you pay me at once. H. C. Rappley.

Sheriff Newland will have to have a special coach and a small army of guards to take the prisoners to Frankfort.

Your account was due July 1, and it must be settled. I need the money and can't wait on you. W. B. McRoberts.

Your account is now ready for you, and you will pay me under obligations to you by setting at once. G. L. Penny.

To-morrow is the glorious Fourth. How are you going to spend it? Try Danville, if you would enjoy the biggest time possible.

If you want chicken feed and thrashing coal read J. H. Baughman & Co's advertisement and you will find out where you can get it cheap.

Mr. John B. McKinnon has formed a partnership with Messrs. M. S. & J. W. Baughman and they will do a general wagon and buggy repair business.

The big Fourth of July celebration at Danville will draw a big crowd from here. Base ball, bicycle races, pigeon shooting, &c., &c., help to make up a very attractive program.

The Paragon is exercised because the Somerset council disregarded a petition and granted license to five saloons for a year longer, even to the one whose present license does not expire till September.

Chick. —Special Commissioner J. P. Bailey sold for W. H. Wood & Co., a traction engine and thrasher in the possession of Crouch & Jones for \$110 and a horse, cow and wagon for \$21. The debt is \$1,300.

An unsuccessful attempt was made to rob the Commercial Bank of Liberty several nights ago. Four men were seen at the door but a pistol shot scared them away. They returned several hours later and were again fired upon, but unfortunately none of them caught any lead.

While being barrow's pond the other evening, Will Lovelace, the Negro who had Will Evans arrested in Cincinnati, came very near getting drowned. He had an attack of cramps and became entirely helpless. He had gone under the water several times when Manuel Barrow rescued him.

Five and Costs.—Mary Adams, a good looking Negro girl, got "billed" drunk Tuesday afternoon and severely whipped Nellie Ann Owsley. She was placed in jail and on Wednesday morning was fined \$5 and costs in Judge Carson's court. She is laying it out in jail.

R. K. Noel & Son have sold out their stock of coal to Mr. J. B. Higgins, who again embarks in that business, but they will not stay out long. They have rented from A. T. Nunnally and will build near the railroad crossing on Depot street. During the year Messrs. Noel & Son have been in the business they have sold 720,000 bushels of coal, but the margin has been small and the remuneration has not been great to them.

To the Pen.—It was necessary for Deputy Sheriff R. M. Newland to go by Frankfort on his way to Cincinnati after Will Evans and desiring good company he took along with him Miller Broadbush to serve five years. Another reason for taking him was that it was feared that he would concoct some plan to get Will Evans out of his trouble. Broadbush is a great schemer and wouldn't stop at anything, even if he can pray louder than the rest of the boys.

Hotel Burned.—Fire, which caught in the kitchen, almost totally destroyed the Commercial, the leading hotel of Harrodsburg Wednesday morning. The building was owned by James Shuttleworth, of Louisville, and was insured for \$15,000. The loss is between \$10,000 and \$12,000. John R. Brooks, late of Crab Orchard, was the popular proprietor and his loss is also large. Many of the guests were in bed at the hour, 3 A. M., and there were several narrow escapes.

There are 22 prisoners in jail now—the largest number in years.

Second-hand McCormick binder, good as new, for sale. B. K. Wearson.

New Process Gasoline Stove, good as new, for sale cheap. J. A. Mudd.

Now is the time to have your buggy repaired and painted. Get the St. Asaph Carriage Co's. prices.

One of the newest, largest, best, most stylish and cheapest line of gentlemen's ready made trousers in town, at Shanks'.

Heavy showers fell at intervals all day yesterday, doing the growing crops much good, but spoiling the harvest, temporarily. The prediction for today is showers and continued warm.

Hold.—Though there appears no good reason for it, since it was at most a boyish prank, Sterling Curtis was held in \$100 bond to await the action of the grand jury for causing the death of the little Negro, Brigham Lee. The other little Negro swore that Sterling cut the horse and made him run, throwing them both off, but he swore so positively that he did not strike the horse.

The Odd Fellows elected the following officers Tuesday night for the ensuing term: Noble Grand, Joe F. Waters; Vice Grand, Dr. J. K. VanArsdale; Secy., A. C. Sine; R. S. N. G., Wm. L. McCarty; L. S. N. G., Wm. H. Wearson; R. S. V. G., J. B. Merriam; L. S. V. G., J. W. Perrin; L. S. S., Joseph Severance, Sr.; R. S. S., Rev. A. V. Sizemore; Treas., P. Straub, Jr.; Host, J. F. Harris; Conductor, William Daugherty; Warden, Judge T. L. Shelton; L. O., M. F. Elkin; O. G., Alex. Mobely.

Accused.—At his examining trial Tuesday morning, George Lee James was promptly discharged for the murder of Clarence Hardin. The proof was substantially as given in our last and there seemed to be no desire on the part of the friends of the dead man to prosecute the case. A half dozen witnesses were examined for the Commonwealth, but James himself was only introduced for the defense. The law does not contemplate possibly that life should be taken under such circumstances, but it has come to be the practice that if one man strikes another he has the right to slay him.

Linnietta Springs.—The young people hereabouts are delighted that Linnietta Springs will be open again this year. Messrs. James B. Owens and son, Capt. Bell, have leased the property and on Monday next, July 10th, the doors of the hotel will be thrown open to the public. The opening ball will occur Friday night, the 10th, and there will be regular hops each Friday night thereafter. The music will be furnished by a splendid orchestra of four pieces which has been engaged for the season. Mr. Owens is an old man in the hotel business and he will be a creditable successor to Capt. Thomas Richards, who had charge of Linnietta Springs for several seasons. Mrs. Owens will superintend the culinary department, which is an assurance that the table will be first-class. There is no more accessible resort than this and for a diversity of mineral waters it can't be beat. There are already a number of rooms and cottages spoken for and the prospects for a successful season are exceedingly bright.

Got Her at Last.—After four or five attempts to run off with Miss Ovie Moore, daughter of Mr. J. W. Moore, of Casey, Jud Phillips has at last secured the prize and made her his own. While the course of true love between the two has had no jar, the trials and tribulations that have beset them have been of such a nature that might have discouraged less determined hearts. While Miss Ovie, who is a pretty blonde, and but sweet sixteen, was attending school here and boarding with her brother-in-law, Mr. Ed Wilkinson he attempted to secure her one night but a volley of bullets put him to flight and came near scaring him to death. He lived to laugh with love at locksmen and other things, however, though on the night of his famous ride from Liberty to Lebanon, he was pursued by the irate father and the more irate brother, Elijah Moore, and it is said shot at eight times. The marriage occurred at Jeffersonville and let us hope that all is well that ends well, and that hereafter all their troubles will be little ones.

Banks.—The Farmers Bank & Trust Co. declared a dividend of 3 per cent, which reminds Cashier J. B. Owsley to say that in the 27 years that he has been in the banking business here he has never missed a dividend, but the last six months has been the hardest time he has ever experienced in the business. The earnings for the six months were \$9,309.65, from which after paying dividend and expenses \$149.51 were taken to surplus.

The First National declared a dividend of 3 per cent, having earned since Feb. 18, \$5,502.86. President J. S. Hocker also notifies the stockholders that, on July 20, a stock dividend of 25 per cent. will be declared and paid, and they are requested to mail their certificates on or before that day in order that they may receive the dividend promptly. The surplus of the bank was increased \$385 and \$289.79 carried to undivided profits.

As usual Cashier J. W. Hocker, of the Hustonville National Bank, makes a good showing. On a capital of \$50,000 and \$24,000 surplus he made \$1,039.50 out of which a 3 per cent. dividend was declared after paying all expenses and carrying \$1,000 to surplus.

To reduce stock, I will offer special prices on hoxing, fencing, studding and joists. A. C. Sine.

John Thompson told a reporter of this paper that he had no fears of defeat should he be given the nomination and that instead of there being 350 democrats in Mercer, who would scratch him, as reported, there would not be 35. We hope it is true and that his hopes are not unfounded, but we fear otherwise, especially if the rule or ruin policy credited to Boss Chinn is pursued. We hear a great many democrats, who never scratched a ticket, say that they won't stand everything and then have it rubbed in.

Fast Running.—Chief Dispatcher W. E. Sheridan tells us that the fastest run ever made in this State, was between Elizabethtown and Bowling Green when the members of the Kentucky Press Association went over that division a few days ago. The distance is 72 miles and was made with a full train in 73 minutes. The fastest mile was made in 52 seconds and during the run between the two points a "dead" stop was made. Engineer Joe Lehman was at the throttle and Capt. Joe Harrison was conductor.

Circuit Court.—This has been a memorable session of the court. Fourteen persons have been sentenced to the penitentiary for from one year to a life time and one man doomed to death. If there has been a long jury we have not heard of it and to the men who composed the jury we ascribe most of the honor and praise.

The trial of John Murphy for shooting Frank Ellis was called Tuesday and after some difficulty in obtaining a jury, the examination of witnesses began. The fact that the defendant shot the man, while he was in the custody of the jailer and as he entered the court-house could not be controverted, so the defense in extenuation showed that Murphy did not know the jailer, nor the whereabouts of the jail and that seeing Ellis, who scowled at him, he lost control of himself and shot without premeditation. His lawyers tried hard to get an instruction for shooting under sudden heat and passion, but Judge Santley refused to give it, and instead gave the usual instruction to give the prisoner the benefit of every doubt, but if the proof showed him guilty as charged to fix his punishment at from 1 to five years in the penitentiary. After arguments by Cols. J. W. Yerkes and T. P. Hill for the defense and by J. B. Paxton and J. S. Owsley, Jr. for the prosecution, the jury fixed the lowest punishment, one year's imprisonment. Almost immediately, however, 11 of the jury signed a petition for pardon, which Mr. Yerkes had prepared, saying that they thought it a case for executive clemency, though under the instructions they were bound to find as they did. No appeal will be taken and Murphy will serve his sentence, if not pardoned.

Will Evans was brought to the scene of his alleged crime Wednesday night. Deputy R. M. Newland, who went to Cincinnati for him, to be on the safe side, got a requisition from Gov. Bradley on the governor of Ohio, but the Negro agreed to come without it. He told Mr. Newland that he did not know that he was wanted here, but had been in Cincinnati nine weeks dodging Chief of Police Helm, of Danville, for a misdemeanor or charged against him there. He claims that his father gave him the watches stolen from B. H. Danks. Mr. Newland says that the chief of police of Lexington says Evans is wanted there for burglary and Constable Benedict says that he is also wanted in Louisville for stealing.

The court made short work of the case. The witnesses in Boyle were sent for and brought here and the trial began last afternoon. Evans declined to employ a lawyer or to accept the Court's proffer of the services of one and conducted his own case. He swore that his father, Dick Evans, gave him the watches and rings, and proved it by the woman, Liza Marshall, but the old man was sent for and denied point blank that he ever gave him a watch in his life. That settled it and the case was given to the jury, which returned a verdict in about a minute for five years.

In passing sentence on Frank Ellis for 21 years yesterday, Judge Santley said it was one of the most unpleasant duties he ever had to perform.

The juries were finally discharged yesterday afternoon when Judge Santley took occasion to pay them a deservedly high compliment for their prompt and good work.

Sunday next will be celebrated as "Memorial Day" by the "Christian Woman's Board of Missions" of the Christian churches of the United States. It will be observed here by Elder J. T. Sharrard preaching a sermon on, "What Can a Woman Do?" All the women of the church are especially urged to be present.

Mrs. Sherman Singleton, who was Miss Panthea Eubanks, died at Miss Mary Warren's yesterday morning, after a lingering illness of consumption, and was buried in Buffalo Cemetery in the afternoon. Besides a husband, who had deserted her, she leaves a child.

Not a distillery is running in the Sixth district. They were all shut down Tuesday night, and will remain idle for 18 months. As a result a number of storekeepers and gaugers are out of employment.

—B. G. Fox bought for Lehman five

car-loads of 1,500 pound cattle of J. P. Riffe and T. L. Carpenter at 3c.

—Mine Inspector Norwood says the coal mining business in the State is duller than it has been in many years.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## NOTICE.

There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Cumberland Valley Land Co. at their office in Stanford, Ky., on Wednesday, July 15, 1896, for the purpose of electing Nine Directors. At 3 P. M. on the same day the new board will meet and organize. J. S. HOCKER, Secretary.

## A CARD

To Our Many Friends and Customers.

One year we have been with you. You have treated us well, for which we thank you. We will open in a few days at our new stand near J. L. & N. depot, with good, clean Coal and a cordial greeting. Come and see us.

NOEL & SON.

HIDES. I will take all the hides I can get paid for, for cash or in trade for leather on the same day. Call on me at my home in Otterheim. Chas. Knapp, Tanner.

## FOR SALE.

Desirable Suburban Home, Containing Ten Acres of Land, For Sale. Has on it a good, comfortable dwelling of Six Rooms, and all necessary outbuildings. One yard hydrant and one for watering stock, also a splendid, never failing well. For further particulars apply to JAS. P. BAILEY, Stanford, Ky.

## Linnietta Springs,

JUNCTION CITY, KY.

Opens Monday, July 6.

New Management, Extensive Improvements, Excellent Appointments.

The most accessible Summer Resort in Kentucky. The greatest diversity of Mineral Waters to be found anywhere. While Sulphur, Black Sulphur, Chalybeate, Epom, Magnesia, Sali, Alum, &c., in abundance. Hops every Friday night. Music by splendid orchestra. Write for Circular and Analysis of waters. Table first-class.

J. B. OWENS & SON, Junction City, Ky.

## SCREENINGS &amp; COAL.

5 Bushels No. 1 Wheat Screenings For One Dollar,

If taken by July 10th. A Splendid lot of

Threshing Coal at 9c

Per Bushel. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

J. H. BAUGHMAN & CO., Stanford, Kentucky.

## IT PAYS TO BUY!

Where you can get the best value for your money.

For The Next Thirty Days

My entire line will be thrown wide open to the public. All I ask is a chance to show my goods, and that's no trouble, for

GOOD GOODS AND LOW PRICES

Speak for themselves wherever they are placed. Come in and see my line before you buy.

W. W. WITHERS,

Undertaker, and dealer in Furniture, Carpets, Wall Paper, and Manufacturer of Picture Frames, Stanford, Ky.

Doors, Sash and Blinds,

Metal Roofing,

LUMBER!

Shingles, Etc.

A. C. SINE, Stanford, Ky.

## JUST ONCE

In a life-time—such a chance as this—such a

Sacrifice of Values!

Never known to Lincoln County people before.

We have about

1,500 Yds. Fine French Gingham

And Wash Goods that we want to turn into cash at once.

These goods are worth 10c to 25c per yard.

We offer you choice for

FIVE CENTS PER YARD;

All Clean, Fresh Goods, Good Colorings—Black, Gray and Fancies. Don't wait and then expect to find these goods. They are going like hot cakes. Everybody who comes into our store buys some. Just think of fine goods like these at calico prices. Come early.

SEVERANCE & SON.

## PENNY'S DRUG STORE

Is Headquarters for Drugs, Stationery and Toilet Articles. A full assortment always kept in stock and sold at the Very Lowest Prices.

## Penny's Drug Store

Is headquarters for Paints, Oils and Varnishes at Lowest Market Rates. We treat you right.

G. L. PENNY, Executor.



